### UNITED STATES

### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

	FORM 10-Q	
(Mark One)		
[x]	Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section Securities Exchange Act of For the Quarterly Period Ended Oc	1934
	OR	
[ ]	Transition Report Pursuant to Section	
	Securities Exchange Act o For the transition period from	
	Commission File Number 0-86	.75
	OIL-DRI CORPORATION OF AMERICA (Exact name of the registrant as specified in	
	Delaware	36-2048898
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	410 North Michigan Avenue, Suite 400 Chicago, Illinois	60611-4213 (Zip Code)
	(Address of principal executive offices)	
The Regist	rant's telephone number, including area code: (	312) 321-1515
required t 1934 durin	by check mark whether the registrant (1) has fil to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securi ng the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subj tts for at least the past 90 days.	ties Exchange Act of
	Yes X No	
	the number of shares outstanding of each of the ock, as of the close of the period covered by th	
	ock - 5,471,685 Shares (Including 1,276,138 Trea ock - 1,765,083 Shares (Including 342,241 Treas	
2		
	CONTENTS	
		Page
	PART I	
Item 1: Fi	nancial Statements	3-11
	nagement Discussion And Analysis Of Financial Cod The Results Of Operations	
Item 3: Qu	antitative And Qualitative Disclosures About Ma	rket Risk14-15
Item 4: Co	ontrols And Procedures	15
	PART II	
Item 6: Ex	chibits And Reports on Form 8-K	16

Signatures......17

### PART I--FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. Financial Statements

## OIL-DRI CORPORATION OF AMERICA & SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

ASSETS	October 31 2002 (unaudited)	July 31 2002
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investment in Treasury Securities Investment Securities Accounts Receivable, less allowance of \$478 and \$392 at October 31, 2002 and July 31, 2002, respectively Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Overburden Removal Expense Prepaid Expenses	942	21,415 1,025 11,798
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		57,544
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Cost Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization TOTAL PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	(90,539)  47,903	48,622
OTHER ASSETS Goodwill, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,290 at October 31, 2002 and July 31, 2002 Intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,105 and \$1,982 at October 31, 2002 and July 31, 2002, respectively Deferred Income Taxes Other  TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	5,430 3,851	5,430 3,958 3,972 5,509
TOTAL ASSETS	\$122,722 ======	\$125,035

## OIL-DRI CORPORATION OF AMERICA & SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	October 31 2002 (unaudited)	2002
CURRENT LIABILITIES Current Maturities of Notes Payable Accounts Payable Dividends Payable Accrued Expenses Salaries, wages and commissions Trade promotions and advertising	\$ 4,350 5,391 474 1,948 2,861 886 4,052	\$ 2,850 5,121 473 3,722 2,595
Freight Other  TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	4,052	4,303
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	19,962	
Notes Payable Deferred Compensation Other	28,900 2,978 1,904	31,400 2,954 1,718
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	33,782	36,072
TOTAL LIABILITIES	53,744 	55,964
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Common Stock, par value \$.10 per share, issued 5,471,685 shares at October 31, 2002 and July 31, 2002 Class B Stock, par value \$.10 per share, issued 1,765,083 shares at October 31, 2002 and July 31, 2002 Additional Paid-In Capital Retained Earnings Restricted Unearned Stock Compensation Cumulative Translation Adjustment	547	547
Less Treasury stock, at cost (1,276,138 Common and 342,241 Class B shares at October 31, 2002 and 1,279,110 Common and 342,241 Class B shares at July 31, 2002)	(24,769)	(24,828)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	68,978 	69,071
TOTAL LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$122,722 ======	\$125,035 ======

# OIL-DRI CORPORATION OF AMERICA & SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT FOR PER SHARE AMOUNTS) (unaudited)

	For The Three Months Ended October 31	
	2002	2001
NET SALES Cost of Sales	\$ 37,730 29,977	\$40,023 32,166
GROSS PROFIT Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	7,753 (6,617)  1,136	7.857
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	1,136	923
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) Interest Expense Interest Income Gain on the Sale of Mineral Rights Other, Net TOTAL OTHER EXPENSE, NET		(679) 52  77
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES Income Tax	585 174	373 106
NET INCOME	411	267
RETAINED EARNINGS Balance at Beginning of Year Less Cash Dividends Declared RETAINED EARNINGS - OCTOBER 31	86,790 474  \$ 86,727 ======	89,778 473  \$89,572 ======
NET INCOME PER SHARE BASIC DILUTIVE	\$ 0.07 ====== \$ 0.07 =======	====== \$ 0.05
AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING BASIC DILUTIVE	5,615 ====== 5,678 =======	5,625

# OIL-DRI CORPORATION OF AMERICA & SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED INCOME (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS) (unaudited)

	For The Three Months Ended October 31			
	2002		20	901 
NET INCOME	\$	411	\$	267
Other Comprehensive Income: Cumulative Translation Adjustments		(22)		49
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	389	\$	316

# OIL-DRI CORPORATION OF AMERICA & SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS) (unaudited)

	For The Three Month Ended October 31		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2002	2001	
NET INCOME	\$ 411 	\$ 267	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation and Amortization Provision for Bad Debts	2,034 80	2,222 78	
Loss on the Sale of Fixed Assets (Increase) Decrease in:		5	
Accounts Receivable Other Receivables Inventories Prepaid Overburden Removal Expense Prepaid Expenses Other Assets Increase (Decrease) in:	295 83 29 243 (469) (39)	(649) (324) (1,033) (169) (467) (7)	
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses Deferred Compensation Other Liabilities	270 (1,700) 24 186	(15) 94	
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	1,036	251 	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,447	518	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Capital Expenditures Purchases of Investment Securities Dispositions of Investment Securities	(1,315) (2,448) 710	(1,352)  	
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,053)	(1,352)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt Dividends Paid Other	(1,000) (473) 92	29	
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,381)		
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(2,987) 7,154	(1,785) 4,444	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, OCTOBER 31	\$4,167 ======	\$2,659	

## OIL-DRI CORPORATION OF AMERICA & SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

### 1. BASIS OF STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The financial statements and the related notes are condensed and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended July 31, 2002, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions are eliminated.

The unaudited financial information reflects all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the statements contained herein.

Certain items in prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the presentation used in fiscal 2003.

As part of its overall operations, the Company mines sorbent materials on property that it either owns or leases. A significant part of the overall mining cost is incurred during the process of removing the overburden (non-usable material) from the land, thus exposing the sorbent material that is then used in a majority of the Company's production processes. The cost of the overburden removal is recorded in a prepaid expense account and, as the usable sorbent material is mined, the prepaid expense is amortized over the estimated available material. As of October 31, 2002, the Company had \$3,435,000 of prepaid expense recorded on its consolidated balance sheet. During the first three months of fiscal 2003, the Company amortized to current expense approximately \$1,043,000 of previously recorded prepaid expense. Please also refer to footnote 4 for a discussion of a change in the accounting estimate associated with this prepaid expense.

### 2. INVENTORIES

The composition of inventories is as follows (in thousands):

October 31	July 31
(Unaudited)	(Audited)
2002	2002
\$ 6,621	\$6,673
3,770	3,368
1,378	1,757
\$11,769	\$11,798
======	=======

Finished goods Packaging Other

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out method.

### 3. DEFINITIVE AGREEMENT TO PURCHASE ASSETS

On November 19, 2002, the Company announced that it had signed a definitive agreement to purchase, for \$6,000,000 cash, various assets principally relating to the Jonny Cat(R) cat litter business of A&M Products, a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Clorox Company (NYSE: CLX). Included in the purchase (the "Purchase") are inventories, trademarks, a manufacturing plant in Taft, Calif., and extensive mineral reserves. The agreement is subject to customary closing conditions, including the Company's satisfaction with its due diligence. The parties anticipate closing the transaction in December.

In anticipation of the purchase from A&M Products, the Company and Harris Trust and Savings Bank have executed a second amendment to the credit agreement, dated January 29, 1999. This amendment, among other things, modifies the fixed charge coverage ratio such that the Company will be

allowed to incur and exclude up to \$6,000,000 of capital expenditures on or before March 31, 2003. Although, as discussed in the Liquidity and Capital Resources section of this Form 10-Q, the Company has other credit agreements of the Company containing restrictive covenants which, among other things, limit the Company's ability to make capital expenditures, no other such agreements limit the ability to consummate the purchase.

### 4. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING ESTIMATE FOR PREPAID OVERBURDEN REMOVAL EXPENSE

During the second quarter of fiscal 2002, an internal review of the estimated amount of uncovered mineable clay took place at the Company's Georgia production complex. The quantity of uncovered clay is one of the key elements in the amortization of the prepaid overburden removal expense account balance. The review led to a change in the estimated amount of uncovered clay, which in turn caused a change in the rate of amortization of the prepaid overburden removal expense account. The impact of this estimate revision for the first quarter of fiscal 2003 was an additional pre-tax charge to cost of goods sold of approximately \$370,000 versus the previous estimate, or approximately \$0.05 per fully diluted share on an after-tax The estimate change also increased the amortization rate approximately \$1.31 per ton of uncovered mineable clay. Based on the current ending estimate of uncovered clay, the Company will have to amortize the prepaid overburden removal expense account balance using the increased rate for approximately the next two to three months. Thereafter, management believes that prepaid overburden removal expense amortization should return to historical rates.

### 5. SALE OF MINERAL RIGHTS

During the first quarter, the Company reported a \$139,000 pre-tax gain when it elected to sell certain mineral leases on land in Tennessee. The land was geographically located in an area that the Company was not actively planning to pursue. The mineral rights, had they been pursued, would have been associated with any or all of the operating segments.

### 6. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 1998, the FASB issued SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." In June 2000, the FASB issued SFAS No. 138, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Certain Hedging Activities, an Amendment of SFAS No. 133," (SFAS No. 138), which was required to be adopted in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. One of the primary amendments to SFAS No. 133 establishes a "normal purchases and normal sales" exception. This exception permits companies to exclude contracts that provide for the purchase or sale of something other than a financial derivative instrument that will be delivered in quantities expected to be used or sold by the entity over a reasonable period of time in the normal course of business operations. The Company has forward purchase contracts for certain natural gas commodities that qualify for the "normal purchase" exception provisions of the amended statement. The adoption of SFAS No. 133 as amended by SFAS No. 138 had no material impact on either the financial position or results of operations.

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations" and SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets", effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. Under SFAS No. 141, the pooling of interest method is no longer permitted for business combinations after June 30, 2001. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill will no longer be amortized, but will be subject to annual impairment tests in accordance with the Statements. Other intangible assets will continue to be amortized over their useful lives.

The Company adopted SFAS No. 142 for the first quarter of fiscal 2003. Management conducted a review of the estimated fair market value of the business segments during the first quarter of fiscal 2003, using a combination of discounted cash flow techniques and an outside appraiser's evaluations. Based upon management's review, no impairment adjustment was required at October 31, 2002. Had SFAS No. 142 been in effect for the first quarter of fiscal 2002, net income and earnings per share, net of tax, would have been as follows:

### 6. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND PRONOUNCEMENTS (continued)

		First Quarter Ended October 31,	
		2002	2001
Net I	ncome		
	Net as reported	\$ 411	\$ 267
	Add back: Goodwill Amortization		30
	Adjusted net income	\$ 411	\$ 297
		=====	======
Basic	Earnings Per Share	<b>.</b>	<b>4</b> 0 0 5
	Net as reported	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.05
	Goodwill amortization		0.01
	Adjusted net income	\$0.07	\$ 0.06
	Aujusteu net income	φυ.υ <i>τ</i>	\$ 0.00 
Dilut	ed Earnings Per Share		
	Net as reported	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.05
	Goodwill amortization		\$ 0.01
	Adjusted net income	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.06
		=====	=====
Weigh	ted Average Shares Outstanding	- 04-	
	Basic	5,615	5,614
	Fully diluted	5,678	5,625

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. Under the new rules, the fair value of a liability for any asset retirement obligation is recognized in the period in which it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. The Company adopted SFAS No. 143, for the quarter ending on October 31, 2002. Mining land reclamation activities occur as part of the Company's normal overburden removal process. Therefore, the Company determined that an additional liability for land reclamation was immaterial to the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment of Disposal or Long-Lived Assets," effective for years beginning after December 15, 2001. Under the new rules, the accounting and reporting for the impairment and disposal of long-lived assets have been superseded from SFAS No. 121 and APB No. 30. Also, ARB No. 51 has been amended to eliminate the exception for consolidation for a temporary subsidiary. Adoption is required for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. Effective October 31, 2002, the Company adopted SFAS No. 144, which did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Company.

### 7. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company has four reportable operating segments: Consumer Products Group, Specialty Products Group, Crop Production and Horticultural Products Group, and Industrial and Automotive Products Group. These segments are managed separately because each business has different economic characteristics.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in Note 1 of the Company's Annual Report for the year ended July 31, 2002 on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Because management does not rely on segment asset allocation, information regarding segment assets is not meaningful and therefore is not reported.

### 7. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

	Three Months Ended October 31			
	Net Sales			
	2002	2001	2002	2001
			ousands)	
Consumer Products Group	\$ 22,381	\$25,197	2,806	2,036
Specialty Products Group Crop Production and Horticultural	6,636	6,430	1,686	1,591
Products Group	3,866	3,488	209	201
Group	4,847	4,908	(183)	182
TOTAL SALES/OPERATING INCOME	\$37,730	\$40,023	4,518	4,010
Gain on the Sale of Mineral Rights(1) Less:				
Corporate ExpensesInterest Expense, net of Interest Income			3,450 622	3,010 627
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES			585	373
Income Taxes				106
NET INCOME			\$ 411 ======	\$ 267

<sup>1.</sup> See Note 5 for a discussion of the gain on the sale of mineral rights.

### ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

THREE MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2002 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER, 2001

### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Consolidated net sales for the three months ended October 31, 2002 were \$37,730,000, a decrease of 5.7% from net sales of \$40,023,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2002. Net income for the first three months of fiscal 2003 was \$411,000, an increase of 53.9% from \$267,000 earned in the first three months of fiscal 2002. Fiscal 2003 income was positively impacted by a pre-tax gain of \$139,000 on the sale of mineral rights. Basic and diluted net income per share for the first three months of fiscal 2003 was \$0.07 versus \$0.05 basic and diluted net income per share earned in the first three months of fiscal 2002.

Net sales of the Consumer Products Group for the first three months of fiscal 2003 were \$22,381,000, a decrease of 11.2% from net sales of \$25,197,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2002. This segment's operating income increased 37.8% from \$2,036,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2002 to \$2,806,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2003. There were a number of factors that drove the results. The reduction in sales was generally driven by the elimination of unprofitable business with Wal-Mart, which was implemented late in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2002. Also, the group did a much better job of controlling its customer deductions and compensation expenses. Finally, the group's gross profit was improved by an approximately \$300,000, driven by an improvement in sales mix of branded and co-manufactured items.

Net sales of the Specialty Products Group for the first three months of fiscal 2003 were \$6,636,000, an increase of 3.2% from net sales of \$6,430,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2002. This segment's operating income increased 6.0% from \$1,591,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2002 to \$1,686,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2003. The profit increase was driven by improved sales of PELUNITE PLUSTM, an animal feed binding agent.

Net sales of the Crop Production and Horticultural Products Group for the first three months of fiscal 2003 were \$3,866,000, an increase of 10.8% from net sales of \$3,488,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2002. Crop Production and Horticultural Products' operating income increased by 4.0% from \$201,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2002 to \$209,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2003.

Net sales of the Industrial and Automotive Products Group for the first three months of fiscal 2003 were \$4,847,000, which was a decrease of 1.2% from net sales of \$4,908,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2002. Industrial and Automotive Products' operating income decreased from a profit of \$182,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2002 to a loss of \$183,000 in the first three months of fiscal 2003. The loss was driven by higher than anticipated manufacturing processing costs. The cost increases were seen in labor and processing inefficiencies, which were subsequently corrected by a capital improvement in the processing department.

Consolidated gross profit as a percentage of net sales for the first three months of fiscal 2003 increased to 20.5% from 19.6% in the first three months of fiscal 2002. A favorable sales mix in the Consumer Products Group and improved sales of PELUNITE PLUSTM in the Specialty Product Group and lower fuel costs in the manufacturing area drove this increase. The Company's year-to-date fiscal 2003 fuel costs are down approximately 13.0% due to a rate reduction from the same period in fiscal 2002. Offsetting these factors were higher than anticipated manufacturing costs.

Operating expenses as a percentage of net sales for the first three months of fiscal 2003 increased slightly to 17.5% from 17.3% in the first three months of fiscal 2002. Reductions of both sales and operating expenses in the Consumer Group helped to maintain this relatively consistent overall expense ratio.

Interest expense and interest income for the first three months of fiscal 2003 did not vary significantly from fiscal 2002.

The Company's effective tax rate was 29.8% of pre-tax income in the first three months of fiscal 2003 versus 28.4% in the first three months of fiscal 2002.

Total assets of the Company decreased \$2,313,000 or 1.8% during the first three months of fiscal 2003. Current assets decreased \$1,510,000 or 2.6% from fiscal 2002 year-end balances, primarily due to decreased cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable, offset partially by increases in investments in Treasury securities and prepaid expenses.

Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased \$719,000 or 1.5% during the first three months as depreciation expense continued to exceed capital expenditures.

Total liabilities decreased \$2,220,000 or 4.0% during the first three months of fiscal 2003. Current liabilities remained flat with the fiscal 2002 year-end balances. Increases in current maturities of notes payable were offset by decreases in accrued expenses.

#### **EXPECTATIONS**

The Company believes that fiscal 2003 sales should be down 4% to 7% on a comparable pre-acquisition (Jonny Cat(R)) basis to fiscal 2002. The impact of the Company's decision to restructure its private label supply arrangement with Wal-Mart will reduce sales, but should have a favorable impact on gross profit. Additional sales reductions may occur due to continued product and geographical rationalization in a continuing effort to increase profitability. During the second half of fiscal 2003, the Company's overburden removal cost at its Georgia facility should return to lower levels, positively impacting profitability. However, because of the uncertainties of the general economy, the Company believes it is prudent to forecast the Company's fully diluted earnings per share in a broad range of \$0.20 to \$0.40 per diluted share for fiscal 2003.

In 1999, the Company signed a significant supply contract with a substantial customer. As part of that contract and subsequent agreements, the Company made certain capital investments and the customer is required to purchase certain amounts in each calendar year for the duration of the contract. If, however, the customer fails to achieve the required annual purchased volume in any year of the contract, then the customer is required to pay to the Company its then unamortized capital cost, approximately \$700,000 at December 31, 2002.

The Company believes there is a substantial possibility that the customer will not achieve the required purchase volumes for the calendar year ending December 31, 2002, and therefore will be obligated to pay the Company the then unamortized capital cost payment referred to above. The Company has not accrued this potential payment as of October 31, 2002, nor has it reflected any of this payment in the Company's fully diluted earnings per share estimates.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The current ratio of 2.8:1 at October 31, 2002 decreased slightly from 2.9:1 at July 31, 2002. Working capital decreased \$1,580,000 during the first three months of fiscal 2003 to \$36,072,000, primarily due to a reduction of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and increased current notes payable. This decrease was offset partially by increased investments in Treasury securities, prepaid expenses and decreased accrued expenses. During the first three months of fiscal 2003, the balances of cash, cash equivalents, investments and investment in Treasury securities decreased \$1,249,000 to \$14,987,000.

Cash provided by operating activities was used to fund capital expenditures of \$1,315,000, payments on long-term debt of \$1,000,000 and dividend payments of \$473,000. Total cash and investment balances held by the Company's foreign subsidiaries at October 31, 2002 and July 31, 2002 were \$2,649,000 and \$2,187,000 respectively.

Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts, decreased 1.8% during the first three months of fiscal 2002. Days outstanding receivables decreased from 50.4 at July 31, 2002 to 49.2 at October 31, 2002. The Company maintains policies and practices to monitor the creditworthiness of its customers. Such policies include maintenance of a list of customers whose creditworthiness has diminished. The total balance of accounts receivable for accounts on that list represents approximately 7.9% of the Company's outstanding receivables.

The table listed below depicts the Company's Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments at October 31, 2002 for the timeframes listed:

### CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

	PAYMENTS DUE BY PERIOD					
CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS	TOTAL	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1 - 3 YEARS	4 - 5 YEARS	AFTER 5 YEARS	

Operating Leases Unconditional Purchase	14,966,000	2,181,000	1,774,000	1,053,000	9,958,000
Obligations	3,917,000	3,917,000			
Total Contractual Cash Obligations	\$52,133,000	\$10,448,000	\$7,434,000	\$8,213,000	\$26,038,000
-	=======================================	=======================================	==========	==========	=========

### AMOUNT OF COMMITMENT EXPIRATION PER PERIOD

OTHER COMMERCIAL COMMITMENTS	TOTAL AMOUNTS COMMITTED	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1 - 3 YEARS	4 - 5 YEARS	AFTER 5 YEARS
Standby					
Letters of Credit	\$2,963,000	\$2,963,000			
Guarantees Other	26,000	26,000			
Commercial					
Commitments	670,000	670,000			
Total					
Total Commercial					
Commitments	\$3,659,000 ======	\$3,659,000 ======	\$ =======	\$ ======	\$ =======

Liquidity needs have been, and are expected to be, met through internally generated funds and, to the extent needed, borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facility with Harris Trust and Savings. As of October 31, 2002, the Company has \$7,500,000 available under the credit facility. The credit agreement contains restrictive covenants that, among other things and under various conditions, limit the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, to acquire (including a limitation on capital expenditures) or dispose of assets and to pay dividends.

The Company believes that cash flow from operations and availability under its revolving credit facility will provide adequate funds for foreseeable working capital needs, capital expenditures at existing facilities and debt service obligations. The Company's ability to fund operations, make planned capital expenditures, including new facility construction, to make scheduled debt payments and to remain in compliance with all of the financial covenants under debt agreements, including, but not limited to, the revolving credit facility with Harris, depends on its future operating performance, which, in turn, is subject to prevailing economic conditions and to financial, business and other factors.

### FOREIGN OPERATIONS

Net sales by the Company's foreign subsidiaries during the three months ended October 31, 2002 were \$2,530,000 or 6.7% of total Company sales. This represents a decrease of 12.8% from the first quarter of fiscal 2002, in which foreign subsidiary sales were \$2,903,000 or 7.3% of total Company sales. This decrease in sales was partially due to the loss of private label business from one customer of the Canadian operation. For the three months ended October 31, 2002, the foreign subsidiaries reported a profit of \$32,000, an improvement of \$166,000 from the \$134,000 loss reported in the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The improvement for the quarter was due to a better sales mix, lower material costs and higher machine efficiencies at the Company's Canadian operation.

Identifiable assets of the Company's foreign subsidiaries as of October 31, 2002 were \$9,986,000 compared to \$10,255,000 as of October 31, 2001. This reduction was seen mostly in inventory.

### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this report, including, but not limited to, those under the heading "Expectations" and those statements elsewhere in this report that use forward-looking terminology such as "expect," "would," "could," "should," "estimates," "anticipates" and "believes" are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of that term in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Actual results may differ materially from those reflected in these forward-looking statements, due primarily to continued vigorous competition in the grocery, mass merchandiser and club markets and specialty product markets, the level of success of new products, and the cost of product introductions and promotions in the consumer market. Forward-looking statements also involve the risk of changes in market conditions in the overall economy, and, for the fluids purification and agricultural markets, in planting activity, crop quality and overall agricultural demand, including

export demand, fluctuations of energy costs and foreign exchange rate fluctuations. Other factors affecting these forward-looking statements may be detailed from time to time in reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk and employs policies and procedures to manage its exposure to changes in the market risk of its cash equivalents and short-term investments. The Company had two interest rate swap agreements as of October 31, 2002. The Company believes that the market risk arising from holdings of its financial instruments is not material.

The Company is exposed to commodity price risk with respect to natural gas. The Company has contracted for a significant portion of its fuel needs for fiscal 2003 using forward purchase contracts to manage the volatility related to this exposure. These

contracts will reduce the volatility in fuel prices, and the weighted average cost of these contracts have been estimated to be approximately 17% lower than the contracts for fiscal 2002. No contracts were entered into for speculative purposes.

The table below provides information about the Company's natural gas future contracts, which are sensitive to changes in commodity prices, specifically natural gas prices. For the future contracts the table presents the notional amounts in MMBtu's, the weighted average contract prices, and the total dollar contract amount, which will mature by July 31, 2003. The Fair Value was determined using the "Most Recent Settle" price for the "Henry Hub Natural Gas" option contract prices as listed by the New York Mercantile Exchange on December 3, 2002.

Commodity Price Sensitivity Natural Gas Future Contracts For the Year Ending July 31, 2003					
	Expected 2003 Maturity	Fair Value			
Natural Gas Future Volumes (MMBtu's) Weighted Average Price (Per MMBtu) Contract Amount (\$ U.S., in thousands)	645,000 \$ 3.82 \$2,462.9	  \$2,478.3			

Factors which could influence the fair value of the natural gas contracts, include, but are not limited to, the overall general economy, developments in world events, the general demand of natural gas by the manufacturing sector, seasonality and the weather patterns throughout the United States and the world. Some of these same events have allowed the Company to mitigate the impact of the natural gas contracts, by the continued and in some cases expanded use of recycled oil in our manufacturing processes. Accurate estimates of the impact that these contracts may have on the Company's fiscal 2003 financial results are difficult to make due to the inherent uncertainty of future fluctuations in option contract prices in the natural gas options market.

### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

- (a) Based on their evaluation within 90 days prior to the filing date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-14(c) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, are effective for gathering, analyzing, and disclosing the information we are required to disclose in our reports filed under the Act.
- (b) There were no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls since the date of last evaluation of those internal controls.

### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) EXHIBITS: The following document is an exhibit to this report.

Exhibit 11: Statement Re: Computation of per share earnings

### (b) REPORTS ON FORM 8-K:

Registrant filed a report on Form 8-K dated October 15, 2002, reporting on Item 9 thereof that it had furnished Certifications pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Registrant filed a report on Form 8-K dated October 16, 2002, reporting on Item 4 thereof Changes in Registrant's Certifying Accountant.

### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

OIL-DRI CORPORATION OF AMERICA (Registrant)

BY /s/Jeffrey M. Libert
Jeffrey M. Libert
Chief Financial Officer

BY /s/Daniel S. Jaffee
Daniel S. Jaffee
President and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: December 13, 2002

CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED

- I. I, Daniel S. Jaffee, Chief Executive Officer of Oil-Dri Corporation of America, certify that:
  - I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Oil-Dri Corporation of America ("Oil-Dri");
  - 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of Oil-Dri as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
  - 4. Oil-Dri's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for Oil-Dri and we have:
    - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to Oil-Dri, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared.
    - evaluated the effectiveness of Oil-Dri's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
    - c. presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date:
  - 5. Oil-Dri's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to Oil-Dri's auditors and the audit committee of Oil-Dri's board of directors:
    - a. all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect Oil-Dri's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for Oil-Dri's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
    - any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in Oil-Dri's internal controls; and
  - 6. Oil-Dri's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: December 13, 2002

By: /s/ Daniel S. Jaffee

Daniel S. Jaffee President and Chief Executive Officer CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED

- I. I, Jeffrey M. Libert, Chief Financial Officer of Oil-Dri Corporation of America, certify that:
  - I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Oil-Dri Corporation of America ("Oil-Dri");
  - Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of Oil-Dri as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
  - 4. Oil-Dri's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for Oil-Dri and we have:
    - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to Oil-Dri, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared.
    - evaluated the effectiveness of Oil-Dri's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
    - c. presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date:
  - 5. Oil-Dri's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to Oil-Dri's auditors and the audit committee of Oil-Dri's board of directors:
    - a. all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect Oil-Dri's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for Oil-Dri's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
    - any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in Oil-Dri's internal controls; and
  - 6. Oil-Dri's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: December 13, 2002

By: /s/ Jeffrey M. Libert

Jeffrey M. Libert
Chief Financial Officer

### **EXHIBITS**

Exhibit 11: Statement Re: Computation of per share earnings

# OIL-DRI CORPORATION OF AMERICA AND SUBSIDIARIES COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE (IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT FOR PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

-----

	Three Months Ended October 31	
	2002	2001
Net income available to Stockholders (numerator)	\$ 411	\$ 267 
Shares Calculation (denominator):	5,615	5,614
Average shares outstanding - basic		
Effect of Dilutive Securities:		
Potential Common Stock relating to stock options	63	11
Average shares outstanding- assuming dilution	5,678	
ullucion	=======	=======
Earnings per share-basic	\$ 0.07 ======	\$0.05 ======
Earnings per share-assuming dilution	\$ 0.07 ======	\$0.05 =====